CUTTING ACTION

APPRECIATING HONG KONG'S WUXIA FILMS THROUGH AN ANALYSIS OF CONSTRUCTIVE EDITING

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DECLARATION

I certify that this thesis does not incorporate without acknowledgement any material previously submitted for a degree or diploma in any university; and that to the best of my knowledge and belief it does not contain any material previously published or written by another person except where due reference is made in the text.

Signed:

Peter J. Gravestock

SUMMARY

Because the *wuxia* film is partly defined by its presentation of action I have used an analysis of how action has been constructed in a number of *wuxia* films to provide a way of appreciating their spectacular narratives. In this thesis I conduct an analysis of key editing techniques that have been used in action sequences of Hong Kong's *wuxia* films since the 1960s. In doing so I shed light on idiosyncrasies of the Hong Kong film style and I also broaden the dialogue on the under-researched film-craft of editing.

In my introduction I establish the Hong Kong film style as the product of a production system that facilitates constructive editing. I compare the production methods of this 'constructive system' to those of the continuity system, as championed by Hollywood, to establish how Hong Kong filmmakers have developed a distinctive approach to the spatial and temporal construction of movement.

Three core chapters are then dedicated to the detailed analysis of constructive editing techniques that have been utilized by Hong Kong filmmakers. I demonstrate how these techniques have developed in relation to particular influential forces that I have identified, which are: the pursuit of novelty, editing concepts (pertaining to the spatio-temporal presentation of rapid series of shots) and the oscillation between the realistic and fantastic stylisation of pre-requisite generic feats. I find that editing techniques are readily manipulated to accommodate these concerns and that some techniques have been regularly reprised to become idiomatic as certain types of spectacle return to fashion.

The final chapter consolidates a number of my findings with a case study of the first fight sequences from two seminal films: King Hu's *Come Drink With Me* (1966) and Tsui Hark's *Seven Swords* (2005). The case study reveals that Tsui has modeled structural elements of his film (in particular the plotting of combat events) upon Hu's landmark *wuxia* film. In this way I demonstrate that spectacle conveys both narrative meaning and directorial intent.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. CHAPTER ONE	
INTRODUCTION	_1
The Scope of My Research	3
Hong Kong Film Style: Narrative Versus Spectacle?	
Thesis Outline	11
An Overview of the Wuxia Film Genre	15
A Rationale for Research: Globalisation of the Hong Kong Film Style	
Literature on the Hong Kong Film Style	22
A Rationale for Research: Recent Changes in Editing Methods	
Literature on Editing: Theories of Perception and Cognition	32
The Effect of Production Methods Upon Action Style	
Conclusion	53
2. CHAPTER TWO	
THE PURSUIT OF NOVELTY: AN AGENT FOR A CHANGING FILM STYLE	_57
APPRECIATING ACTION	60
Narrative and Novelty	
A Foreign Influence	
Blood Red: The Colour of New Era Reality	65
Coin Toss Physics	
The Staircase Formula: Organisational Plotting	
The Staircase Formula Within Fight Sequences	77
Seven Swordplay: Meaningful Combat	
Traps and Chopsticks: Delaying Swordplay and Conveying Character	83
Tech-Novelty	
Fly Me To The Zoom	
1 ty Mc 10 The 200m) 2
3. CHAPTER THREE	
EDITING CONCEPTS: TECHNIQUES OF HONG KONG'S ACTION FILM STYLE	100
EDITING CONCELLIS. TECHNIQUES OF HONG KONG S ACTION TIEM STITE	_100
CONSTRUCTING COGNITION: EFFECTIVE EDITING	
A Japanese Persuasion	103
Fast Shots: On the Reception of Filmic Information	107
The Perception of Motion and the Generation of Emotion	120
The Prompting Reaction Shot: A Safeguard Technique	
Construction of Space Through Eye-Line	
Manipulation of Eye-Trace	137
Forced Eye-Trace: Maintained Screen Direction	140
Forced Eye-Trace: Reversed Screen Direction	

THE PROTRACTION OF ACTION AND THE CONTRACTION OF TIME	150
The Overlapped Match-on-Action	
The Elided Match-on-Action	152
The Ultra-Elided Match-on-Action	158
The Cut-In on Motion	
The Match-on-Motion to a Parallel Edit	165
4. CHAPTER FOUR	
STYLISTIC PRIORITIES: CONSTRUCTING REALISTIC AND FANTASTIC SKILL	168
DEPICTIONS OF THE WEIGHTLESS LEAP	
The Transition to Film	172
Constructive Editing Developments	174
Defining Heroic Skill in the New Era	
Differentiation between Greater and Lesser Heroic Skill in Come Drink With Me	
The Evolution of Kick-Off Shots	
Launching Back into the Fantastic	201
Additional Novelty Increases the Duration of Kick-Off Shots	206
The Suspension of Disbelief: Wirework and Computer Generated Imaging	
Kung Fu: 'Real Fighting' Versus the Flying Kick.	
PALM POWER: DYNAMIC IMAPCT TRUMPS INVISIBILITY	
Transformations of Palm Power	
Attacking the Viewer	
THE TRANSFORMATION OF FLYING SWORDS	
The Flight of Projectiles: A Seen and Unseen Feat	
Piercing the Target	
Computer Generated Imaging: A Return to Un-Cut Spectacles	245
5 CHAPTER FINE	
5. CHAPTER FIVE	
DESIGN PRINCIPLES: EFFECTS OF DESIGN ON STYLE AND NARRATIVE –	252
A CASE STUDY OF COME DRINK WITH ME AND SEVEN SWORDS	_253
Film Selection #1: King Hu's Come Drink With Me	256
Film Selection #2: Tsui Hark's Seven Swords	257
Permutations of the Staircase Formula in Come Drink With Me and Seven Swords	259
THE PROMPT FIRST FIGHT SEQUENCE	265
Immediate Action and the Establishment of Plot and Character	266
ASSEMBLY OF THE FIRST FIGHT SEQUENCES	272
Introductions to Villainy	274
Establishing Demeanour, Creating Suspense	276
PROJECTILE WEAPON ATTACKS	
Projectile Weapon Attack: Come Drink With Me	
Projectile Weapon Attack: Seven Swords	
RE-ESTABLISHING THE BATTLEFIELD	304
Re-Establishing the Battlefield: Come Drink With Me	
Re-Establishing the Battlefield: Seven Swords	
AN INTRODUCTION TO HAND-TO-HAND COMBAT	324
King Hu's Accelerated Pattern of Shots	325
Invention and Redesign	

PENETRATION BY A MELEE WEAPON	331
Penetration by a Melee Weapon: Come Drink With Me	331
Penetration by a Melee Weapon: Seven Swords	
Beheading	
Beheading: Come Drink With Me	338
Beheading: Seven Swords	
<u>Dismemberment</u>	
Dismemberment: Come Drink With Me	
Dismemberment: Seven Swords	
CUTTING THROATS	
Cutting Throats: Come Drink With Me	355
Cutting Throats: Seven Swords	
THE FINAL BLOW	
The Final Blow: Come Drink With Me	363
The Final Blow: Seven Swords	
Conclusion	
TABLE: A Comparison of Fight Sequences In <i>Come Drink With Me</i> and <i>Seven Swords</i>	<u></u> 379
SELECT BIBLIOGRAPHY	382
SELECT FILMOGRAPHY	392